

19WKC Shinai Inspection Checklist

Checklist for *shinai* inspection:

Before taking the *shinai* inspection, players must themselves check the following items in accordance with the "Revision of the FIK Regulations of Kendo Shiai and Shinpan 20230726" and the "[Supplement] 19WKC Program & Regulations".

Please refer to the following URL for the "Revision of the FIK Regulations of Kendo Shiai and Shinpan 20230726" and "[Supplement] 19WKC Program & Regulations ". https://www.kendo-fik.org/news/8090

https://www.kendo-fik.org/news/8142

* A *shinai* that has failed to pass the inspection will not be allowed to be used in the tournament.

\Box The name is clearly marked on the $tsukagawa$.
☐ Appropriate length (total length).
☐ Appropriate weight.
\square Appropriate thickness of the $sakigawa$ (measured from opposite sides) at 1.5 cm from the
zip.
☐ Appropriate length of the <i>sakigawa</i> .
☐ Appropriate thickness of the <i>chikuto</i> (measured diagonally) at 8 cm from the tip.
☐ No damage or splinters.
Appropriate position of the <i>nakayui</i> (about 1/4 of the total <i>shinai</i> length from the tip).
☐ No improper accessories.
\Box The tip is the thinnest part of the <i>chikuto</i> , and the <i>chikuto</i> thickens from the tip toward
the monouchi.
\square No processing or shape changes that significantly impair safety.
\square The four slats of bamboo fit together well and there are no unnatural and/or large gaps
petween them.

End



Certificate of Checking Kendo Equipment

To the 19WKC Tournament Chairman

In	order to participate in this tournament, the equipment to be used by (the team players from
<u>Co</u>	untry Name) has been checked to be in accordance with the "Revision of the FIK Regulations
of	Kendo Shiai and Shinpan 20230726" and the "[Supplement] 19WKC Program &
Re	gulations".
	Date:
	Country name:
	Manager's signature:
	Check Items
1)	Kote
	Protects at least 1/2 of the fist and forearm (from the wrist joint to the elbow joint on the ulnar side (the longest part)).
	The depth of the cut-out section (eguri) of the kote-buton should not exceed 2.5 cm. This is
	measured as the difference between the longest and shortest sections of the <i>kote-buton</i> .
	Sufficient shock absorbing capacity of the <i>kote-gashira</i> and <i>kote-buton</i> areas.
2)	Men
	The <i>men-buton</i> is long enough to provide protection for the shoulder joints.
	Sufficient shock-absorbing capacity of the <i>men-buton</i> .
3)	Kendo-gi
	The sleeves are long enough so that they can protect the elbows. (The elbows should be covered when the player is in <i>kamae</i>)